

TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY SYSTEM



Enterprise Risk Management

Gary Barnes Vice Chancellor & Chief Financial Officer

February 23, 2017

ERM Update/Development



- Introduced in Spring 2016
- ERM Strategic Initiative Committee
- TTUSA to oversee development of ERM
- Facilitate timely reporting and uniform implementation

Initial ERM Committee



Kim Turner

Chief Audit Executive, TTUSA

Steve Bryant Managing Director Office of Risk Management, TTUSA

Dale Dunn, MD

Executive Associate Dean, School of Medicine, TTUHSC

John Huffaker

Vice Chancellor General Counsel, TTUSA

Michael Molina Vice Chancellor Facilities Planning

& Construction, TTUSA

Noel Sloan CFO & VP Financial Affairs, TTU

Frank Stout VP Operations & COO TTUHSC El Paso

Angie Wright VP Finance & Administration, ASU

Committee Accomplishments

- Definition of ERM
- Statement of Risk Attitude
- Major Categories of Risk
- Rating Scales
- Reporting Guidelines

Definition of ERM



Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) is a comprehensive program to identify and proactively manage real and potential threats as well as opportunities that may affect TTUS component institutions. ERM is a powerful tool in strategic planning, resource allocation, risk management and audit planning.

Statement of Risk Attitude



TTUS will continuously seek out innovation in the way we deliver our mission while ensuring that all decisions are informed by an understanding of the uncertainties we face as an organization.

While it is not possible or even desirable to eliminate all risk, we will not tolerate risks that:

- Willfully expose students, employees, or other people to unsafe environments or activities;
- Intentionally violate laws, regulations, contractual obligations, or other externally imposed requirements; or
- Result in unethical behavior.

Major Categories of Risk



<u>Strategic</u> – Risks threatening organizational reputation, constituent relationships, goal achievement, etc.

<u>Operational and Information Technology</u> – Risks threatening continuity of activities, safety and security, information technology operations, physical infrastructure, process efficiency, program effectiveness, etc.

<u>Financial</u> – Risks threatening resources, financial structure, ability to meet future financial needs, financial reporting, etc.

<u>*Compliance*</u> – Risks of non-compliance with legal, regulatory, contractual, accreditation body, NCAA, or other requirements.





<u>*Impact*</u> refers to the potential consequences to the organization should a loss occur. Impacts may range from negligible to significant across the four risk categories, and one event could generate multiple impacts.

<u>*Likelihood*</u> of a risk occurrence may range from extremely unlikely to very likely, and should be assessed in light of the effectiveness of existing controls.

Velocity refers to how quickly a risk could impact the organization.

<u>**Preparedness**</u> refers to the organization's readiness to deal with a risk and might include the existence and effectiveness of such aspects as prevention or detection controls, recovery arrangements, backups, response plans, communication plans, etc.

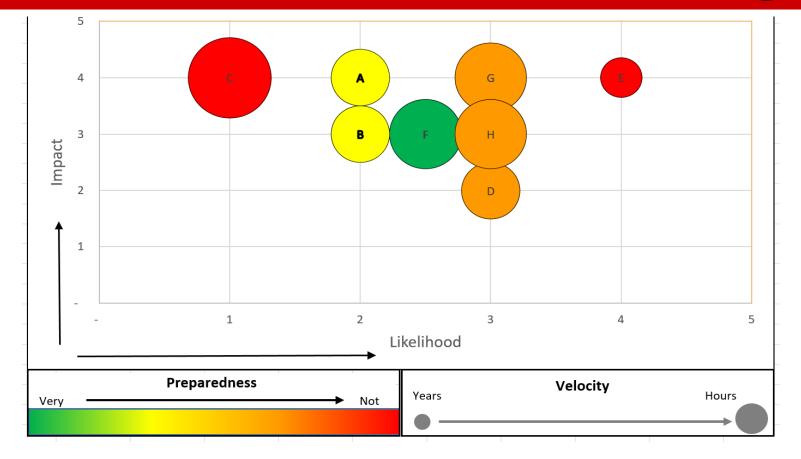
Reporting Guidelines



- November 1st TTUSA Office of Risk Management (ORM) initiates update process with component institutions
- April 1st Component institution updates due to ORM
 - Risk management review for System wide common risks
 - Clarify, as needed, with component
- May Board meeting TTUSA and components presentations

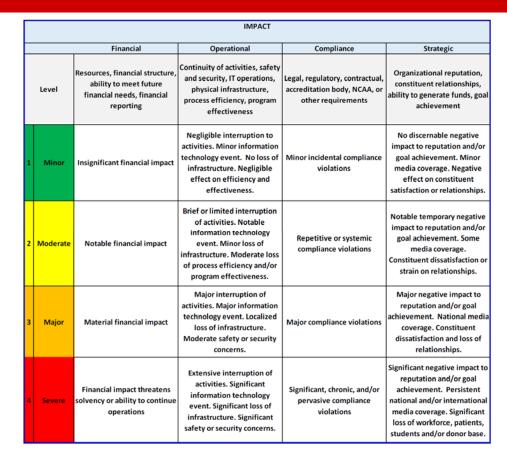
Attachment: Major Risk Category Heat Map





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Attachment: Rating Scales



		LIKELIHOOD		
Given		s and effectiveness of existing controls, how likely is it that we will experience a risk event under the activity?		
Level	Category	Average Frequency		
1	Very unlikely	Remote possibility of occurrence. (e.g., More than 3 years out)		
2	Unlikely	More than remote possibility of occurrence (e.g., Every 1 to 3 years)		
3	Likely	Happens with some frequency (e.g., Likely to happen this year)		
4	Very likely	Expected to happen or happens often (e.g., Several times per year)		

VELOCITY How quickly can the risk impact the organization?			PREPAREDNESS			
		Prevention, detection, recovery, backups, response plans, communication plans, insurance, notifications, emergency management planning				
Level	Category	Level	Category	Description		
1	One Year or Greater	1	Very Prepared	Significant preparation efforts and risk mitigation strategies are in place. Very few identified issues and/or opportunities for improvement/enhancement exist.		
2	Weeks to Months					
3	Days to Weeks					
4	Hours to Days					
		2	Prepared	Moderate preparation efforts and risk mitigation strategies are in place. Some identified issues and/or opportunities for improvement/enhancement exist. Minimal possibility of other unidentified issues or opportunities.		
		3	Somewhat Prepared	Minimal preparation efforts in place. Major issues and/or opportunities for improvement/enhancement exist. Moderate possibility of other unidentified issues or opportunities.		
		4	Very Unprepared	Virtually no preparation is in place. Significant identified issues and/or opportunities for improvement/enhancement exist. Strong possibility of other unidentified issues or opportunities.		



Questions?



